

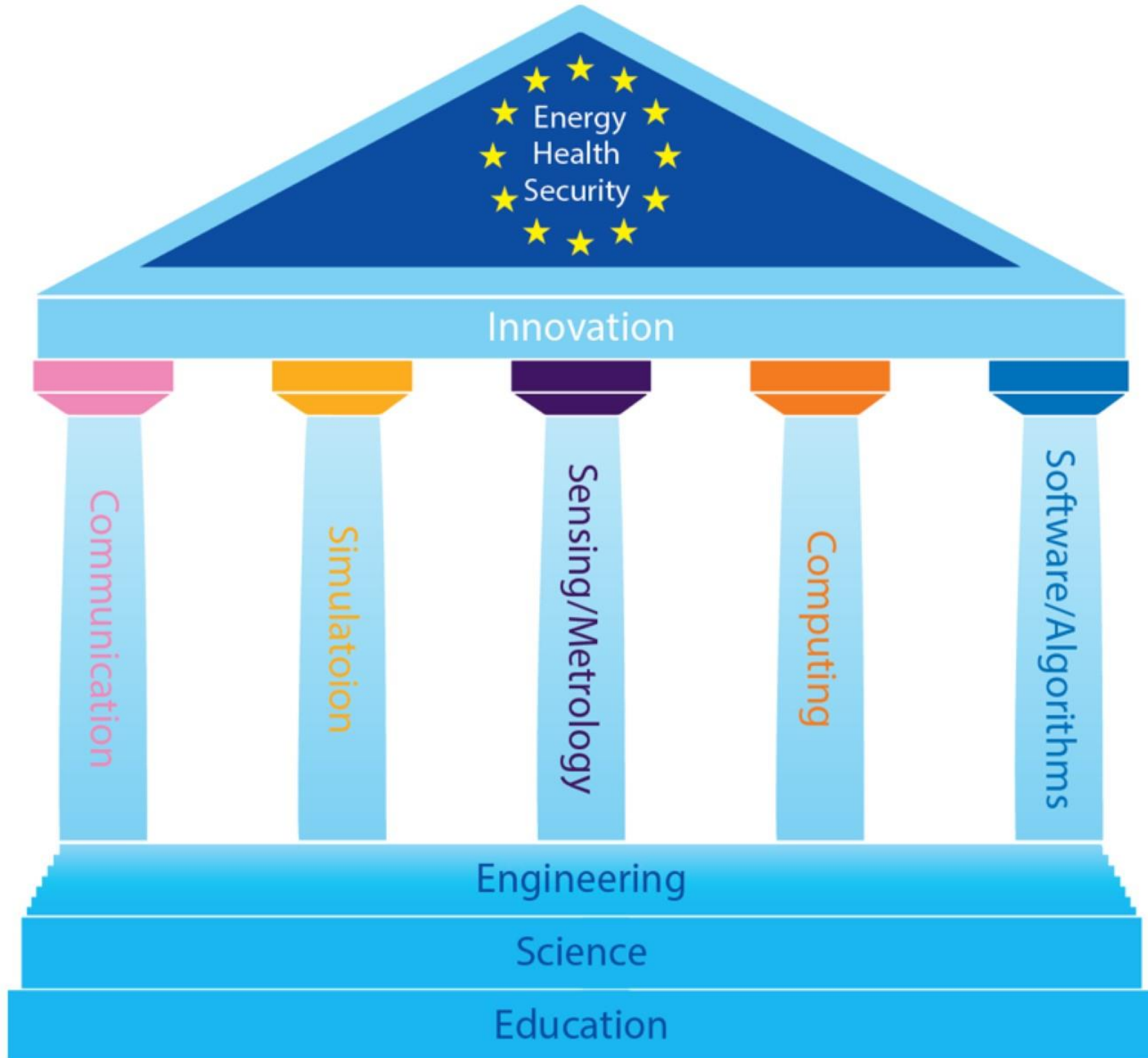
Quanterra SAB

Sir Peter Knight, NPL, Chicheley & Imperial College
London

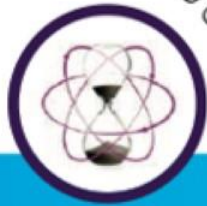


**Call 2017 for Transnational Research
Proposals**

Supporting the topics of
**Quantum Information and
Communication Sciences and
Technologies**



Quantum Manifesto



ATOMIC QUANTUM CLOCK



QUANTUM SENSOR



INTERCITY QUANTUM LINK



QUANTUM SIMULATOR



QUANTUM INTERNET



UNIVERSAL QUANTUM COMPUTER

1. Communication

0 – 5 years

- A Core technology of quantum repeaters
- B Secure point-to-point quantum links

5 – 10 years

- C Quantum networks between distant cities
- D Quantum credit cards

> 10 years

- E Quantum repeaters with cryptography and eavesdropping detection
- F Secure Europe-wide internet merging quantum and classical communication

2. Simulators

- A Simulator of motion of electrons in materials

- B New algorithms for quantum simulators and networks

- C Development and design of new complex materials

- D Versatile simulator of quantum magnetism and electricity

- E Simulators of quantum dynamics and chemical reaction mechanisms to support drug design

3. Sensors

- A Quantum sensors for niche applications (incl. gravity and magnetic sensors for health care, geosurvey and security)

- B More precise atomic clocks for time stamping of high-frequency financial transactions

- C Quantum sensors for larger volume applications including automotive, construction

- D Handheld quantum navigation devices

- E Gravity imaging devices based on gravity sensors

- F Integrate quantum sensors with consumer applications including mobile devices

4. Computers

- A Operation of a logical qubit protected by error correction or topologically

- B New algorithms for quantum computers

- C Small quantum processor executing technologically relevant algorithms

- D Solving chemistry and materials science problems with special purpose quantum computer > 100 physical qubit

- E Integration of quantum circuit and cryogenic classical control hardware

- F General purpose quantum computers exceed computational power of classical computers

Why Quantum?

Expected impacts

Funded projects are expected to significantly advance the state-of-the-art of Quantum Sciences and Technologies by achieving one or more of the following targets:

- 1. Develop a deeper fundamental and practical understanding of systems and protocols for manipulating and exploiting quantum information;*
- 2. Enhance the robustness and scalability of quantum information technologies in the presence of environmental decoherence, hence facilitating their real-world deployment;*
- 3. Develop reliable technologies for the different components of quantum architectures;*
- 4. Identify new opportunities and applications fostered through quantum technologies, and the possible ways to transfer these technologies from laboratories to industries,*
- 5. Enhance interdisciplinarity in crossing traditional boundaries between disciplines in order to enlarge the community involved to tackle these new challenges.*

The quantum alliance

